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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/588,888	04/06/2007	Drew Pardoll	62763(71699)	4102		
49383 EDWARDS ANGELL PALMER & DODGE LLP P.O. BOX 55874			EXA	EXAMINER		
			GIBBS, TERRA C			
BOSTON, MA	A 02205		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			1635			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			09/22/2009	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) PARDOLL ET AL. 10/588,888

Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	TERRA C. GIBBS	1635				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app			address			
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DV. Estensions of time may be variable under the provisions of 37 CPR. 1.3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the maining date of this communication. Failure to reply within the sor or entended period for reply well. by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing aemed patent term adjustment. See 37 CPR 1.70(4b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 36(a). In no event, however, may a repl vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH , cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. y be timely filed IS from the mailing date of this IDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 1	11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
· _						
4) Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) 1-36 are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
	animor. Noto the attached t	Jilloo / Kollori or Torrit	10 102.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ceived in this Nationa	al Stage			
application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list		anivad				
See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not re	ceiveu.				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sun					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5/08)		Mail Date rmal Patent Application				
Paper No/s/Mail Date	6) Other:					

Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S8/09) Paper Nos) Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-36 are pending in the instant application.

Claims 1-36 are subject to restriction as detailed below:

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-19 and 23-26, drawn to a method of transducing dendritic cells with an agent which prevents or inhibits the expression of the MINOR gene, wherein the agent is a siRNA, classifiable in class 435, subclasses 6 and 69.1, for example.
- Claims 27-31, drawn to a method of augmenting an immune response specific for an antigen in an individual comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining dendritic cells from the individual;
 - (b) causing the dendritic cells to express the antigen by either (i) exposing the dendritic cells to the antigen in culture under conditions promoting uptake and processing of the antigen, or (ii) transfecting the dendritic cells with a gene encoding the antigen
 - (c) activating the antigen-expressing dendritic cells;
 - (d) treating the dendritic cells with an agent that inhibits MINOR expression; and
 - (e) administering the activated antigen-expressing dendritic cells to the individual, classifiable in class 435, subclasses 325 and 375, for example.
- III. Claims 20-22 and 32-36, drawn to dendritic cell expressing an agent which prevents or inhibits the expression of the MINOR gene and drawn to a population of dendritic cells for use in vaccination of a subject produced by the process of:

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(a) obtaining dendritic cells from the individual;

(b) causing the dendritic cells to express the antigen by either (i) exposing the dendritic cells to the antigen in culture under conditions promoting uptake and processing of the antigen, or (ii) transfecting the dendritic cells with a gene encoding the antigen

(c) activating the antigen-expressing dendritic cells;

(d) treating the dendritic cells with an agent that inhibits MINOR expression.

classifiable in class 536, subclass 24.5, and class 935, subclass 65, for

example.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other, because of the following reasons:

Group III is related to Group I as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the dendritic cell expressing an agent which prevents or inhibits the expression of the MINOR gene of Group III can be used in materially different process such as a method of augmenting an immune response specific for an antigen in an individual, which is a materially different process than the method of transducing dendritic cells with an agent which prevents or inhibits the expression of the MINOR gene of Group I. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the Examiner if restriction were not required because the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Group III is related to Group II as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the dendritic cell expressing an agent which prevents or inhibits the expression of the MINOR gene of Group III can be used in materially different process such as a method of transducing dendritic cells with an agent which prevents or inhibits the expression of the MINOR gene, which is a materially different process than the method of augmenting an immune response specific for an antigen in an individual of Group II. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the Examiner if restriction were not required because the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The inventions of Groups I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the inventions of Groups I and II are unrelated to the extent that they are drawn to different methods, which require separate search and examination. For example, Group I is drawn to a method of transducing dendritic cells with an agent which prevents or inhibits the expression of the MINOR gene, wherein the agent is a siRNA and is considered to be distinct from the method of augmenting an

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immune response specific for an antigen in an individual of Group II. The inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, the method of Group I is distinct from the method of Group II because the method of Group I recites distinct method steps, apart from the method steps recited in method of Group II. Furthermore, the method of Group I is distinct from the method of Group II since the invention of Group I does not necessarily overlap in scope with that of Group II since each Group set recites the use of materially distinct materials. Because these Group sets utilize unique and different method steps, the inventions are also therefore not obvious variants, and have a materially different design. Furthermore, because these Group sets utilize unique and different method steps, the prior art applicable to one Group set would not likely be applicable to another Group set and the inventions in each Group set are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph. Accordingly, restriction between Groups I and II is considered proper.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Also, because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a

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serious burden on the Examiner if restriction were not required because the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

- (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification:
- (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete <u>must</u> include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in

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the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(l).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of reioinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy. Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Terra C. Gibbs whose telephone number is 571-272-0758. The examiner can normally be reached from 9 am - 5 pm M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James "Doug" Schultz can be reached on 571-272-0763. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Patent applicants with problems or questions regarding electronic images that can be viewed in the Patent Application Information Retrieval system (PAIR) can now contact the USPTO'S Patent Electronic Business Center (Patent EBC) for assistance. Representatives are available to answer your questions daily from 6 am to midnight (EST). The toll free number is (866) 217-9197. When calling please have your application serial or patent number, the type of document you are having an image problem with, the number of pages and the specific nature of the problem. The Patent Electronic Business Center will notify applicants of the resolution of the problem within 5-7 business days. Applicants can also check PAIR to confirm that the problem has been corrected. The USPTO'S Patent Electronic Business Center is a complete service center supporting all patent business on the Internet. The USPTO'S PAIR system provides Internet-based access to patent application status and history information. It also enables applicants to view the scanned images of their own application file folder(s) as well as general patent information valiable to the public.

For all other customer support, please call the USPTO Call Center (UCC) at 800-786-9199.

September 21, 2009 /Terra Cotta Gibbs/